CITY OF SENECA

FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2018

City of Seneca

Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Seneca, South Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Seneca, South Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Seneca, South Carolina, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages vii - xvii be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Seneca's basic financial statements. The combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the victim services supplementary schedule of fines and assessments are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual major and non-major fund financial statements and schedules, the victim services supplementary schedule of fines and assessments, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the victim services supplementary schedule of fines and assessments, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 30, 2019, on our consideration of the City of Seneca, South Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Seneca's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Seneca, South Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Stancil, Cooley, Estep & Stamey, LLP

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

City of Seneca MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2018

As management of the City of Seneca we offer readers of the City of Seneca's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Seneca for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's financial statements, additional information furnished in the notes to the financial statements and the supplementary statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City of Seneca exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$44,132,625 (net position). Of the amount, \$(7,330,909) (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position increased by \$804,886 during the fiscal year. See the Governmental-wide financial analysis section for more details.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,198,745.
- On July 1, 2005 the City issued \$12,500,000 of revenue bonds to fund capital acquisition and expansion of their utility systems infrastructures. On March 29, 2012 the City issued \$8,350,000 of revenue bonds to provide resources for future debt service payments on the July 1, 2005 bonds. On September 26, 2013 the City issued \$5,840,000 of revenue bonds to fund capital acquisition and expansion of their utility systems infrastructures. During the current year the city repaid \$1,175,000, the outstanding balance is \$10,885,000. For more details see Note number eleven in the Notes to Financial Statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Seneca's basic financial statements. The City of Seneca's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Seneca's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position presents information on the City of Seneca's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Seneca is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the city's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Seneca that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Seneca include general government, public safety, street, sanitation, economic development and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Seneca include Seneca Light and Water plant which handles electric distribution, sewer collection, water collections, processing and distribution and the Seneca Industrial Facility which leases building space for warehousing and manufacturing.

The government-wide financial statements include the City of Seneca's governmental activities and business-type activities and can be found on pages 3-4 of this financial statement.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Seneca uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the City of Seneca can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

While the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statement. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund

statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Seneca maintains two governmental type funds - a general fund and special revenue funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheets and in the government fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The General fund and the CAT Operating Grant Fund are considered to be major funds.

The City of Seneca adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 5-7 of this report.

Proprietary funds

The City of Seneca maintains three proprietary funds. A proprietary fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Seneca uses enterprise funds to account for the Seneca Light and Water Plant, the Seneca Facilities Corp., and the Seneca Improvements Corp.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Seneca Light and Water Plant, the Seneca Facilities Corp., and the Seneca Improvements Corp. These proprietary funds are considered to be major funds of the City of Seneca.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-17 of this report.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Seneca's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 18 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21-51 of this report.

Supplementary information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other required information concerning the Victim Services. Other required information can be found on page 73 of this report.

Governmental-wide financial analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Seneca, assets exceeded liabilities by \$44,132,625 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Seneca's net position (103.4 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The City of Seneca uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	To	tal
	2017-2018	2016-2017	2017-2018	2016-2017	2017-2018	2016-2017
Current and Other Assets	\$ 5,407,614	\$ 3,519,296	\$20,212,499	\$20,679,874	\$25,620,113	\$24,199,170
Net Capital Assets	16,218,789	15,401,475	57,418,661	59,812,141	73,637,450	75,213,616
Total Assets	\$21,626,403	\$18,920,771	\$77,631,160	\$80,492,015	\$99,257,563	\$99,412,786
Long-term Debt Outstanding	\$ 11,458,911	\$ 11,259,710	\$34,943,388	\$35,739,281	\$46,402,299	\$46,998,991
Other Liabilities	2,344,892	2,562,576	6,377,747	6,523,480	8,722,639	9,086,056
Total Liabilities	\$13,803,803	\$13,822,286	\$41,321,135	\$42,262,761	\$55,124,938	\$56,085,047
Net Assets						
Investment in Capital (net of related debt)	\$15,772,938	\$14,828,498	\$29,838,950	\$30,441,509	\$45,611,888	\$45,270,007
Restricted	364,523	634,997	5,487,123	5,134,683	5,851,646	5,769,680
Unrestricted	(8,314,861)	(10,365,010)	983,952	2,653,062	(7,330,909)	(7,711,948)
Total Net Position	\$7,822,600	\$5,098,485	\$36,310,025	\$38,229,254	\$44,132,625	\$43,327,739

Condensed Statement of Net Position

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Seneca is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation was true for the prior fiscal year.

Governmental activities

During the current fiscal year, the City of Seneca's governmental activities' net position increased by \$2,724,115. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- Governmental funds excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures of \$1,855,233 caused by general fund excess of \$1,706,727 and other governmental funds excess of \$148,506.
- Change in capital assets less depreciation decrease of \$718,407 reported on Statement of Activities. This decrease was due mostly to depreciation expense of \$1,790,142.
- Change in City's proportionate share of net pension liability increase of \$170,885, GASB 68.
- Changes in compensated absences accrued in salary expense decrease of \$65,828.

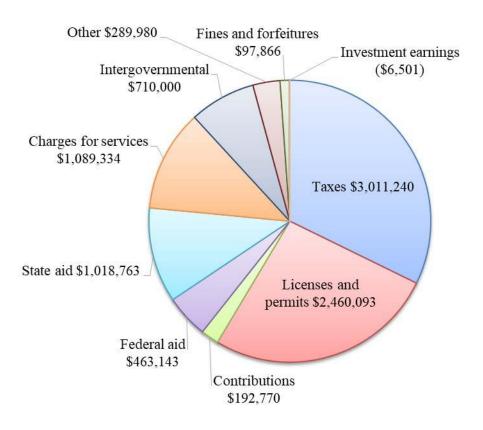
The table below summarizes the changes in net position for fiscal year 2018

_	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Tot	al
REVENUES:	2017-2018	2016-2017	2017-2018	2016-2017	2017-2018	2016-2017
Program Revenues:						
Charges for sales and	\$1,089,334	\$992,350	30,263,115	30,067,261	\$31,352,449	\$31,059,611
General revenues:						
Property taxes	3,011,240	2,897,947	-	-	3,011,240	2,897,947
Other revenues	2,460,093	2,428,623	-	-	2,460,093	2,428,623
Restricted grants	1,304,016	949,264	-	-	1,304,016	949,264
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific	1,080,660	1,014,293	-	-	1,080,660	1,014,293
Other/Interest/Fines	480,251	351,533	(16,920)	(35,399)	463,331	316,134
Total revenues	\$9,425,594	\$8,634,010	\$30,246,195	\$30,031,862	\$39,671,789	\$38,665,872
EXPENSES:						
General government	2,590,289	2,675,381	-	-	2,590,289	2,675,381
Public safety	4,889,179	5,401,131	-	-	4,889,179	5,401,131
Public Works	1,745,948	1,818,224	-	-	1,745,948	1,818,224
Culture and recreation	2,135,123	2,006,521	-	-	2,135,123	2,006,521
Depreciation	1,790,142	1,682,683	2,341,462	2,187,710	4,131,604	3,870,393
Other	41,489	171,986	598,714	460,413	640,203	632,399
Administration	-	-	3,974,995	4,219,536	3,974,995	4,219,536
Electric	-	-	11,808,677	11,441,222	11,808,677	11,441,222
Water	-	-	3,631,564	3,706,357	3,631,564	3,706,357
Sewer	-	-	2,687,643	2,677,681	2,687,643	2,677,681
Interest on Long Term debt	-		748,746	786,772	748,746	786,772
Total expenses	13,192,170	13,755,926	25,791,801	25,479,691	38,983,971	39,235,617
Increase in net position before transfers	(3,766,576)	(5,121,916)	4,454,394	4,552,171	687,818	(569,745)
Transfer	6,490,691	3,378,996	(6,490,691)	(3,598,995)	-	-
Increase in net position	2,724,115	(1,742,920)	(2,036,297)	953,176	687,818	(789,744)
Beginning net position	5,098,485	7,106,318	38,229,254	37,598,165	43,327,739	44,704,483
Prior-period adjustment	0	(264,913)	117,068	(322,087)	117,068	(587,000)
Ending net position	\$7,822,600	\$5,098,485	\$36,310,025	\$38,229,254	\$44,132,625	\$43,327,739

Summary of Changes in Net Position

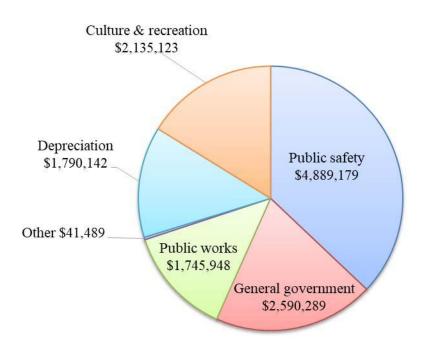
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

A chart is provided below which depicts the amount of revenue derived from property taxes, grants and contributions, business license and permit fees, charges for services, intergovernmental, and other revenues.



Revenue by Source

The figure below represents the expenditures of all governmental activities. The majority of expense comes from public safety (Police and Fire Departments), the next highest expense is General government (Municipal Judge, Mayor & Council, Finance/Administration, and Planning & Development). The City of Seneca ended the year with an increase in net position of \$2,724,115. See page 5 for the key factors in this increase.

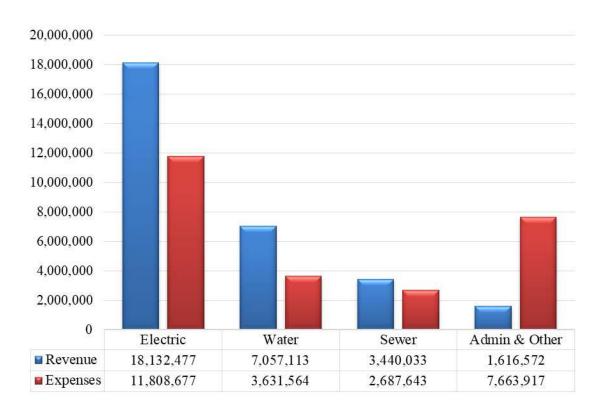


Expenditures by Function

Business-type activities

Business-type activities decreased the City of Seneca's net position by (1,919,229). Key elements of the decrease are as follows:

- Operating Revenues exceed Operating Expenses by \$5,220,053 for the Light & Water, Seneca Facilities Corp, and Seneca Improvements Corp Funds combined.
- Interest expense of \$748,746.
- Transfers to other funds of \$6,490,691. During a credit rating review conducted in fiscal year 2018, the City discovered that the resolution establishing the transfer from the Light & Water Fund to the General Fund had not historically been adhered to completely. Because of this, the Mayor and Council approved "true-ups" to prior year transfers in order to more fully comply with the resolution. Another correction led to a capital transfer from the Light & Water Fund to the General Fund (*this was handled in accordance with GASB 34*). The "true-up" and the capital transfer led to the transfer exceeding both the budgeted amount and historical transfers.



Expenses and Program Revenues

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Seneca uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Seneca's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Seneca's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Government wide unrestricted net assets at June 30, 2018 is \$(8,314,861) due to the change in accounting principle GASB 68. GASB 68 requires the City to record a pension liability of \$11,123,579 for Governmental Funds. The unrestricted net assets balance would be \$2,808,718 without the pension liability recorded. The remainder of net position is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is comprised of investments in capital assets, restrictions for debt service and health care expenses.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Seneca. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,198,745, while total assets were \$3,605,098. In addition, the city has \$16,218,789 in general fixed assets net of depreciation. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures.

Proprietary funds

The City of Seneca's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted Net Position of the Light and Water Fund at fiscal year end was \$983,952. The Seneca Facilities Corp Fund handles the activity at the Industrial Facility on Shiloh Road. The Restricted Net Position of the Seneca Facilities Corp Fund at fiscal year end was \$1,370,505. The Seneca Improvements Corp Fund aids with economic business establishment and retention for the City of Seneca. The Restricted Net Position of the Seneca Improvements Corp Fund at fiscal year end was \$332,965.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The actual expenditures exceed the budgeted expenditures by \$75,920. The following is a brief summary of some of the variances.

- The Culture and Recreation Department expenditures exceeded budget by \$342,371.
- The General Government Departments expenditures exceeded budget by \$77,627.
- The Fire Department expenditures were under budget by \$244,020.
- The Police Department expenditures were under budget by \$193,774.
- Capital Outlay expenditures exceeded budget by \$77,945.

The total amount of these increased expenditures were approved by council and funded by Fund Balance Reserves and reflected as budget variances in the current financial statement.

Capital Assets

The City of Seneca's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018 amounts to \$73,637,450 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, furniture and fixtures, equipment and vehicles, electrical system, water system, sewer system and construction in progress.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Construction in Progress Lift Stations Upgrade \$177,322
- Improvements (C-Funds) to Townville Street project \$653,562
- Vehicles Governmental Fund \$36,039
- Equipment Governmental Fund \$174,739
- Vehicles Light and Water Fund \$195,969
- Equipment Light & Water Fund \$127,519
- Electrical Expansion \$220,121
- Water Expansion \$201,057
- Sewer Expansion \$110,864

The total decrease in the City of Seneca's net capital assets for the current fiscal year was (1,576,168), coming from an increase of 817,313 for Governmental Activities and a decrease of (2,393,481) for Business-type Activities.

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	be Activities	To	tal
	2017-2018	2016-2017	2017-2018	2016-2017	2017-2018	2016-2017
Land	1,035,039	1,035,039	1,271,576	1,271,577	\$2,306,615	\$2,306,616
Building and system	4,649,902	4,836,134	16,859,965	17,129,277	21,509,867	21,965,411
Improvement other than Building	6,377,978	4,702,009	36,517,526	38,870,783	42,895,504	43,572,792
Machinery and equipment	1,084,605	229,334	1,358,710	1,444,590	2,443,315	1,673,924
Vehicles	3,071,266	4,330,694	646,236	638,130	3,717,502	4,968,824
Construction in Progress	0	268,266	764,648	457,785	764,648	726,051
Total	16,218,789	\$15,401,476	\$57,418,661	\$59,812,142	\$73,637,450	\$75,213,618

Additional information on the City of Seneca's capital assets can be found in note 6 in the Notes to financial statements beginning on page 21.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City of Seneca is located in Oconee County and is becoming a hub for businesses in the South Carolina Upstate, and the neighboring portions of Georgia and North Carolina.

In fiscal year 2018, the City of Seneca added 31.87 acres of residential land into the city. Growth inside the city is also shown by the number of housing starts and building permits issued. The city had 17 single family housing starts. The value of residential permits issued last calendar year was \$6,120,144.

Seneca Light and Water is saving on the cost of electricity through use of a peak shaving program. Five generators allow the city to generate electricity during the peak usage time of Santee Cooper, our power supplier.

Within the City of Seneca, the market value was increased by 2.37% percent from \$718,046,356 in 2017 to \$735,093,600 in 2018.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Seneca's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Seneca, Finance Officer, PO Box 4773, Seneca, SC, 29679.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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City of Seneca Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

			Prima	ry Government		
	Ge	overnmental	Вι	ısiness-type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
Assets						
Cash	\$	1,328,188	\$	3,722,826	\$	5,051,014
Investments		1,026,609		4,609,844		5,636,453
Receivables						
Property taxes		87,470		-		87,470
Accounts		269,867		3,744,211		4,014,078
Interest		8		-		8
Notes		41,929		-		41,929
Other		-		362,471		362,471
Prepaid expenses		49,537		22,755		72,292
Internal balances		(1,340,000)		1,340,000		-
Due from other governmental units		277,961		779,640		1,057,601
Inventory		15,640		768,100		783,740
Restricted cash		1,352,604		2,702,879		4,055,483
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress		1,035,039		2,036,224		3,071,263
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		15,183,750		55,382,437		70,566,187
Total assets	\$	19,328,602	\$	75,471,387	\$	94,799,989
	<u> </u>	10,020,002	<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	01,100,000
Deferred outflow of resources						
Deferred bond gain	\$	-	\$	491,178	\$	491,178
Deferred pension charges	Ψ	2,297,801	Ψ	1,668,595	Ψ	3,966,396
Deren eu pension enargee		2,207,007		1,000,000		0,000,000
Total deferred outflow of resources	\$	2,297,801	\$	2,159,773	\$	4,457,574
		<u> </u>		<i>· ·</i>		<u> </u>
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	681,437	\$	587,633	\$	1,269,070
Accrued expenses		407,127		1,476,067		1,883,194
Compensated absences payable		431,973		367,501		799,474
Customer deposits		-		930,105		930,105
Due to other governmental units		362,706		416,933		779,639
Unearned revenue		150,543		520,560		671,103
Noncurrent liabilities, net:						
Due within one year		110,519		1,996,066		2,106,585
Due in more than one year		335,332		26,082,522		26,417,854
Net pension liability		11,123,579		8,860,866		19,984,445
Total liabilities	\$	13,603,216	¢	41,238,253	¢	54,841,469
rotar nabinties	Ψ	13,003,210	φ	41,230,233	φ	34,041,409
Deferred inflow of resources						
Deferred pension credits	\$	200,587	\$	82,882	\$	283,469
	<u> </u>	200,007	<u> </u>	01,001	<u> </u>	200,100
Net position						
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	\$	15,772,938	\$	29,838,950	\$	45,611,888
Restricted for:	Ψ	10,112,000	Ψ	20,000,000	Ψ	40,011,000
Debt service		467,356		2,567,260		3,034,616
Generation savings				1,366,584		3,034,070 1,366,584
Health care		- (102,833)		(150,191)		(253,024)
Other		(102,000)		1,703,470		(233,024) 1,703,470
Unrestricted		- (8,314,861)		983,952		(7,330,909)
Total net position	\$	7,822,600	\$	36,310,025	\$	44,132,625

					Program revenues				Net (expense) revenue & changes in net position	revenu	e & changes i	n net	oosition
					Operating		Capital			Primary	Primary government		
Functions / programs	1	Expenses	5	Charges for services	grants & contributions	g con	grants & contributions	ŏ	Governmental activities	Bus	Business-type activities		Total
Primary government:													
Governmental activities	6	7 EDA 280	6		6	6		6	/2 500 280)	6		6	() EUN 2001
General government Public safety	9	4.889.179	9		• •	9		9	(2, 330, 203) (4, 889, 179)	9		9	(4.889.179)
Public works		1,745,948		1,089,334	•		•		(656,614)				(656,614)
Cultural & recreation		2,135,123		•	•		•		(2, 135, 123)		•		(2,135,123)
Depreciation		1,130,142 41,489					192,770		(1,/30,142) 151,281				(1,/30,142) 151,281
Total governmental activities	ક્ર	13,192,170	ક્ર	1,089,334	۲ ډۍ	ક્ર	192,770	69	(11,910,066)	ક્ર	•	63	(11,910,066)
Business-type activities													
Electric	69	11,808,677	69	18,132,477	۰ ج	\$	•	69	•	69	6,323,800	69	6,323,800
Water		3,631,564		7,057,113	•				•		3,425,549		3,425,549
Sewer		2,08/,043		3,440,033	•				•		/52,390 /2 074 005)		/ 52, 390 /2 074 005)
Other		598.714		1.633.492					• •		1.034.778		1.034.778
Interest		748,746		I	•		•		•		(748,746)		(748,746)
Depreciation		2,341,402		•	•		•		•		(2,341,402)		(2,341,402)
Total business activities	ઝ	25,791,801	\$	30,263,115	۰ ج	ઝ	•	\$	•	ક	4,471,314	\$	4,471,314
Total primary government	\$	38,983,971	\$	31,352,449	י \$	\$	192,770	θ	(11,910,066)	s	4,471,314	\$	(7,438,752)
	Gen	General revenues:											
	μü	Taxes						69	3,011,240	69	•	69	3,011,240
	ביב	Licenses & permits	ţ						97,000 2.460.093				97,000 2.460.093
	iщ	Federal aid	3						463,143				463,143
	ΩQ Ω	State aid							1,018,763		•		1,018,763
	ĴŜ	County aid Investment earnings (loss)	iol) sou	(55					/10,000 (6.501)		- (16.920)		(23.421)
	Ö	Other	-	Î					388,886				388,886
	Trar	Transfers							6,490,691		(6,490,691)		•
	Totá	Total general revenues and transfers	ues an	d transfers				63	14,634,181	\$	(6,507,611)	\$	8,126,570
	Cha.	Change in net assets	S					69	2,724,115	\$	(2,036,297)	\$9	687,818
	Cap	Capital Contribution	•						•		•		•
	Net	Net position - beginning Prior-period adjustment	ning stment						5,098,485 -		38,229,254 117,068		43,327,739 117,068
	Net	Net position - beginni	ning a	ing as restated				\$	5,098,485	s	38,346,322	ક	43,444,807
	Net	Net position - ending	g					ક્ર	7,822,600	ક્ર	36,310,025	ક્ર	44,132,625

City of Seneca Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

City of Seneca Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

				Government	al Fun	d Types		
			CAT	CODE CODE CODE CODE CODE CODE CODE CODE	Tota	I Non-Major		
		General		Grant		Funds		Total
Assets								
Cash	\$	774,911	\$	(2,990)	\$	556,267	\$	1,328,188
Investments		1,026,609		-		-		1,026,609
Receivables (net of allowances)								
Property taxes		87,470		-		-		87,470
Accounts		223,581		-		46,286		269,867
Interest		-		-		8		8
Notes		-		-		41,929		41,929
Prepaid expenses		49,537		-		-		49,537
Restricted cash		1,352,604		-		-		1,352,604
Due from other governmental units		74,746		203,215		-		277,961
Inventory		15,640		-	_	-		15,640
Total assets	\$	3,605,098	\$	200,225	\$	644,490	\$	4,449,813
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	468,252	\$	177,687	\$	35,498	\$	681,437
Accrued expenses	÷	407,113	Ŷ	14	÷	-	Ŷ	407,127
Due to other governmental units		1,340,000		-		362,706		1,702,706
Unearned revenue		228,644		-				228,644
Total liabilities	\$	2,444,009	\$	177,701	\$	398,204	\$	3,019,914
			_		-	-		
Fund balances								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory	\$	15,640	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,640
Prepaid expenses		49,537		-		-		49,537
Health Care		(102,833)		-		-		(102,833)
Assigned:								
Special projects		-		22,524		246,286		268,810
Unassigned		1,198,745	_	-	-	-		1,198,745
Total fund balances	\$	1,161,089	\$	22,524	\$	246,286	\$	1,429,899
Total liabilities, deferred outflows								
and inflows of resources								
and fund balances	\$	3,605,098	\$	200,225	\$	644,490		
Amounts reported for governmental acti	vities ir	n the statement	of net	position				
are different because:				•				
Property taxes receivable to full a	ssessm	ient value						78,101
GASB 68 adjustment								2,097,214
Capital assets used in governmen and, therefore, are not reported			ncial	resources				16,218,789
Net pension liability								(11,123,579)
Long-term liabilities are not due a	nd pava	able in the curre	ent pe	riod				(,,,
Compensated absences								(431,973)
Capital leases								(445,851)
-								
Net position of governmental funds							\$	7,822,600

City of Seneca

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes

in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Governmenta	l Fund	Types		
			CAT	Operating	Tota	al Non-Major		
		General		Grant		Funds		Total
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	2,201,212	\$	-	\$	801,014	\$	3,002,226
Licenses and permits		2,460,093		-		-		2,460,093
Federal aid		-		463,143		-		463,143
State aid		237,890		146,458		634,415		1,018,763
County aid		650,000		60,000		-		710,000
Charges for services		1,089,334		-		-		1,089,334
Fines and forfeitures		97,866		-		-		97,866
Investment earnings (loss)		(6,502)		-		1		(6,501)
Other revenues	_	118,319		169,394		2,267	_	289,980
Total revenues	\$	6,848,212	\$	838,995	\$	1,437,697	\$	9,124,904
Expenditures								
Current operating								
General government	\$	1,813,970	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,813,970
Public safety		4,844,426		-		-		4,844,426
Public works		1,855,262		-		-		1,855,262
Project administration		-		764,479		-		764,479
Culture and recreation		1,795,592		-		329,364		2,124,956
Capital outlay								
General government		137,671		-		-		137,671
Public safety		104,040		-		-		104,040
Public works		8,682		-		-		8,682
Culture and recereation		-		-		71,635		71,635
Special revenue funds		-		120,000		645,032		765,032
Intergovernmental grants		-		-		2,038		2,038
Other expenditures		-		-		39,452		39,452
Total expenditures	\$	10,559,643	\$	884,479	\$	1,087,521	\$	12,531,643
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	(3,711,431)	\$	(45,484)	\$	350,176	\$	(3,406,739)
Other financing sources								
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions & donations		192,770		-		-		192,770
Interfund transfers, net		5,225,388		68,008		(224,194)		5,069,202
Total other financing sources	\$	5,418,158	\$	68,008	\$	(224,194)	\$	5,261,972
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
and other financing sources								
over (under) expenditures	\$	1,706,727	\$	22,524	\$	125,982	\$	1,855,233
Fund balances, beginning		(545,638)				120,304		(425,334)
Fund balances, ending	\$	1,161,089	\$	22,524	\$	246,286	\$	1,429,899

ues, ernmental Funds			Se.	\$ 1,855,233	of in 170,885	atements (9,014)	s various sition. (36,411)	nt of d tal	\$ 2,508,549 (1,790,142) 718,407	artments, f net position.	(127,126)	nancial resources
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	To the Statement of Activities	For the Year Ended June 30, 2018	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	Changes in the City's proportionate share of net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources for the current year are not reported in the governmental funds but are reported in the Statement of Activities / GASB 68	Property taxes are recorded at assessed values for the government-wide financial statements - the change in the amount to adjust to full assessment.	Changes in health care cash account are recorded in health insurance expense of the various departments, the balance is reflected in the government-wide statement of net position.	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditureshowever, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the change in capital assets exceeded the change in accumulated depreciation.	Change in capital assets Depreciation	Changes in compensated absences are accrued in salary expense of the various departments, the change is reflected in the liability section of the government-wide statement of net position.	Repayment of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. This transaction, however, has no effect on net position.	The basis of fixed assets sold, donated, or junked do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

City of Seneca Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, City of Seneca General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Revenues	Ori	Original & Final Budget		Actual	-	Budget Variance
Property taxes	¢	1 763 643	6	4 864 740	6	101 105
kear property Vehicles	9	1,733,013 160,000	\$	1,034,719 203.324	\$	43.324
Other	<u>.</u>	120,000		143,169		23,169
Total property taxes	\$	2,033,613	\$	2,201,212	રુ	167,599
Licenses and permits						
Business licenses	63	1,930,000	\$	2,169,204	\$	239,204
Franchise fees		76,000		84,952		8,952
Building permits		30,000		52,435		22,435
Miscellaneous permits		15,000		22,884		7,884
Natural gas authority		135,000		130,618		(4,382)
Total licenses and permits	\$	2,186,000	\$	2,460,093	\$	274,093
Intergovernmental						
County revenue sharing	63	650,000	\$	650,000	\$	•
State government shared revenue		175,809		195,351		19,542
SC housing authority		15,000		27,652		12,652
State grants		•		2,000		2,000
Intergovernmental revenues		137,978		12,887		(125,091)
Total intergovernmental	\$	978,787	\$	887,890	\$	(90,897)

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Revenues	Orig	Original & Final Budget		Actual	- 3	Budget Variance
Charges for services Garbage fees	रू	1,055,058	\$	1,089,334	જ	34,276
Fines and forfeitures Municipal court fines Victims assistance fines	રુ	120,000 25,000	\$	80,798 17,068	ક્ર	(39,202) (7,932 <u>)</u>
Total fines and forfeitures	રુ	145,000	રુ	97,866	\$	(47,134)
Investment earnings (loss)	રુ	•	ક્ર	(6,502)	ક્ર	(6,502)
Other Recreation fees / sports Miscellaneous	\$	60,000 81,500	\$	48,595 69,724	\$	(11,405) (11,776 <u>)</u>
Total other	રુ	141,500	\$	118,319	\$	(23,181)
Total revenues	રુ	6,539,958	ઝ	6,848,212	\$	308,254

9

continued	Budget Variance	12,219 (33,465) (50,644) (5,737)	(77,627) 193,774 244,020	437,794 24,762 (6.534)	(33,999) (15,771)
	47	\$	રુ રુ	રુ છ	63
JCe	Actual	234,551 189,581 994,683 395,155	1,813,970 3,192,826 1,651,600	4,844,426 857,372 580.854	417,036 1,855,262
nd Balaı		\$	જ જ	જ જ	\$
a d nd Changes in Fu ual ne 30, 2018	Original & Final Budget	246,770 156,116 944,039 389,418	1,736,343 3,386,600 1,895,620	5,282,220 882,134 574.320	383,037 1,839,491
City of Seneca General Fund xpenditures, and Budget to Actual Year Ended June	Orig	ક્ર	રુ છ	& &	\$
City of Seneca General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018	Expenditures	current operaung General government Municipal judge Mayor and council Finance / administration Planning and development	Total general government Public safety Police department Fire department	Total public safety Public works Street department Sanitation department	Motor pool Total public works

The Year Ended June 30, 2018 Budget to Actual Budget 30, 2018 For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 <u>8 1,453,22</u> 9,87 9,87 9,87 5,50 5,50 5,50 5,50 5,50 5,50 5,50 5,5	und S, and Changes in Fund Actual June 30, 2018 Driginal & Final Budget 1,453,221 1,453,221 1,453,221 1,453,221 3,981,761 3,981,761 37,996 (545,638)	alan A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	ce <i>Actua</i> <i>1</i> ,799 <i>1</i> ,799 <i>1</i> ,799 <i>1</i> ,796 <i>1</i> ,799 <i>1</i> ,796 <i>1</i> ,776 <i>1</i> ,7776 <i>1</i> ,777777	11 5,592 5,592 5,592 5,638 5,388 5,388 5,388 5,538 5,538 5,538 5,538 5,538 5,538 5,538 5,592 1,431)	
or the Year End	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ar rund to Actual ded June 30, 2018 budget \$ 75,000 \$ 1,453,221 \$ 1,453,221 \$ 3,971,761 \$ 3,943,765 \$ 3,943,765 \$ 3,943,765 \$ 3,943,765 \$ 3,943,765 \$ 3,943,765 \$ 3,943,765 \$ 3,943,761 \$ 3,971,761 \$ 3,971,761 \$ 3,981,761	ar rund to Actual to Actual ded June 30, 2018 to Actual Budget \$ 75,000 \$ 77,448 \$ 5,500 \$ 5,5000\$ 5,5000\$ 5,5000\$ 5,5000\$ 5,5000\$ 5,500\$ 5,50	s in Fund Balanc	:tual 795,592 137,671 104,040 8,682 8,682 250,393 250,393 .711,431) .711,4310000000000

City of Seneca General Fund

City of Seneca Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

	L	ight & Water Fund		eca Facilities Corp Fund	Improvements orp Fund	Total
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash	\$	3,313,226	\$	408,255	\$ 1,345	\$ 3,722,826
Restricted cash		2,702,879		-	-	2,702,879
Investments		4,609,844		-	-	4,609,844
Receivables:						
Accounts receivable		3,624,211		120,000	-	3,744,211
Other receivables		62,463		300,008	-	362,471
Prepaid expenses		22,755		-	-	22,755
Due from other funds		779,640		1,340,000	-	2,119,640
Inventory		768,100		-	 -	 768,100
Total current assets	\$	15,883,118	\$	2,168,263	 1,345	\$ 18,052,726
Noncurrent assets						
Land	\$	1,030,988	\$	240,588	-	\$ 1,271,576
Buildings		15,320,906		2,223,202	336,620	17,880,728
Improvements		66,772,850		2,956,699	-	69,729,549
Equipment		7,005,948		-	-	7,005,948
Vehicles		3,389,345		-	-	3,389,345
Construction in progress		635,106		129,542	-	764,648
Less, accumulated depreciation		(41,948,783)		(674,350)	 -	 (42,623,133)
Total noncurrent assets	\$	52,206,360	\$	4,875,681	 336,620	\$ 57,418,661
Total assets	\$	68,089,478	\$	7,043,944	337,965	\$ 75,471,387
Deferred outflow of resources						
Deferred bond gain, net	\$	491,178	\$	-	-	\$ 491,178
Deferred pension charges		1,668,595	-	-	 -	 1,668,595
Total deferred outflow of resources	\$	2,159,773	\$	-	 -	\$ 2,159,773

City of Seneca Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

continued

	Li	ight & Water Fund	 eca Facilities Corp Fund	Improvements orp Fund		Total
Liabilities			 			
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	576,130	\$ 11,503	\$ -	\$	587,633
Accrued expenses		1,476,064	3	-		1,476,067
Compensated absences		367,501	-	-		367,501
Capital lease payable, current		206,516	-	-		206,516
State revolving fund loan, current		514,168	-	-		514,168
Bonds payable, current		1,275,382	-	-		1,275,382
Customer deposits		900,105	30,000	-		930,105
Deferred Revenue		520,560	-	-		520,560
Due to other funds		-	 411,933	 5,000		416,933
Total current liabilities	\$	5,836,426	\$ 453,439	 5,000	\$	6,294,865
Long-term liabilities						
Capital lease payable,	\$	434,930	\$ -	\$ -	\$	434,930
State revolving fund loans		10,717,592	-	-		10,717,592
Bonds payable,		9,710,000	-	-		9,710,000
Notes payable,		-	5,220,000	-		5,220,000
Net pension liability		8,860,866	 -	 -		8,860,866
Total long-term liabilities	\$	29,723,388	\$ 5,220,000	 -	\$	34,943,388
Total liabilities	\$	35,559,814	\$ 5,673,439	 5,000	\$	41,238,253
Deferred inflow of resources						
Deferred pension credits	\$	82,882	\$ -	 -	\$	82,882
Net position						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	29,838,950	\$ -	\$ -	\$	29,838,950
Restricted for:					•	
Debt service		2,567,260	-	-		2,567,260
Generation savings		1,366,584	-	-		1,366,584
Health care		(150,191)	-	-		(150,191)
Other		(,	1,370,505	332,965		1,703,470
Unrestricted		983,952	 -,,,	 • • • •		983,952
Total net position	\$	34,606,555	\$ 1,370,505	 332,965	\$	36,310,025

City of Seneca Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Li	ght & Water Fund	eca Facilities Corp Fund	provements Fund	Total
Operating revenues Charges for services					
Electric	\$	18,132,477	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,132,477
Water		7,057,113	-	-	7,057,113
Sewer		3,440,033	-	-	3,440,033
Lease Income		-	924,784	-	924,784 700 704
Other		704,417	 4,284	 <u> </u>	708,701
Total operating revenues	\$	29,334,040	\$ 929,068	-	\$ 30,263,108
Operating expenses					
Light & Water administration	\$	1,967,154	\$ -	-	\$ 1,967,154
I & I department		154,560	-	-	154,560
Billing department		891,961	-	-	891,961
Engineering department		694,310	-	-	694,310
Electrical department		2,384,841	-	-	2,384,841
Water department		1,815,916	-	-	1,815,916
Sewer department		2,687,643	-	-	2,687,643
Water plant		1,815,648	-	-	1,815,648
Electrical generation / purchase		9,423,836	-	-	9,423,836
Maintenance		598,714	-	-	598,714
Depreciation		2,211,964	129,498	-	2,341,462
Facilities administration			 267,010	 -	267,010
Total operating expenses	\$	24,646,547	\$ 396,508	 	\$ 25,043,055
Operating income (loss)	\$	4,687,493	\$ 532,560	-	\$ 5,220,053
Non-operating revenues (expenses)					
Investment income (loss)	\$	(16,920)	\$ -	-	\$ (16,920)
Interest expense		(560,376)	(188,370)	-	(748,746)
Sale of fixed assets		7	-	-	7
Other financing sources (uses)					
Interfund transfers in (out)		(6,629,196)	 -	 138,505	(6,490,691)
Net income (loss)	\$	(2,518,992)	\$ 344,190	138,505	\$ (2,036,297)
Net position, beginning		37,012,194	 1,026,315	 190,745	38,229,254
Prior period adjustment		113,353	 -	 3,715	117,068
Net position, ending	\$	34,606,555	\$ 1,370,505	332,965	\$ 36,310,025

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	Lig	Light & Water Fund	Senec Co	Seneca Facilities Corp Fund	Seneca Improvements Corp Fund	ments		Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers / goods and services	\$	29,100,083 (16,371,383)	\$	941,769 (441,701)	S	- (850)	\$	30,041,852 (16,813,934)
Other Income Payments to / for employees Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	- (5,023,297) 7,705,403	જ	- - 500,068	\$	- - (850)	63	- (5,023,297) 8,204,621
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Interfund transfers, net Total cash flows from non-capital financing activities	રુ રુ	(5,069,661) (5,069,661)	રુ રુ		& &	' '	%	(5,069,661) (5,069,661)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition and construction of captial assets, net Proceeds from sale of capital assets	\$	(1,097,709) 7	\$	(129,543) -	63		\$	(1,227,252) 7
Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Other		(2,012,835) (480,726) -		- (188,370) (7,067)				(2,012,835) (669,096) (7,067)
Total cash flows from capital and related financing activities	\$	(3,591,263)	\$	(324,980)	ક	•	\$	(3,916,243)
Cash flows from investing activities: Other receivables Interest income	\$	- 14,147	\$	(86,184) 4,284	ક્ક			(86,184) 18,431
Total cash flows from investing activities	\$	14,147	\$	(81,900)	ઝ	.	\$	(67,753)
Net increase (decrease) in cash Cash, beginning	\$	(941,374) 6,957,479	\$9	93,188 315,067	\$	(850) 2,195	ধ্য	(849,036) 7,274,741
Cash, ending	ઝ	6,016,105	\$	408,255	ઝ	1,345	\$	6,425,705 continued

City of Seneca Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

City of Seneca

16

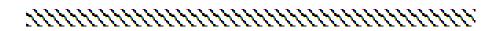
	State Pl For the Y	Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018	lows Is 2018					
								continued
	Lig	Light & Water Fund	Senec	Seneca Facilities Corp Fund	Seneca Improvements Corp Fund	nts		Total
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating income	\$	4,687,493	\$	532,560	\$	•	\$	5,220,053
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation		2,211,964		129,498		•		2,341,462
Changes in assets (increase), decrease:		х х						х х
Accounts receivable		77,412		16,985		•		94,397
Other receivable		(56,245)		86,184				
Due from other funds		•		(268,000)				
Prepaid expenses		98,840		•		•		98,840
Inventory		(146,277)		•		•		(146,277)
Deferred bond gain		79,650						
Deferred pension charges		(405,620)						
Changes in liabilities increase, (decrease):								
Accounts payable		221,688		(41,646)	8)	(850)		179,192
Accrued expenses		19,571		3		•		19,574
Customer deposits		33,383						
Deferred revenue		(288,507)						
Compensated absences payable		35,259						
Pension Liability		1,200,172						
Due to other funds		•		44,484		•		44,484
Deferred pension credits		(63,380)						
Total adjustments	\$	3,017,910	\$	(32,492)	\$ (8	(850)	\$3.	2,984,568
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	7,705,403	\$	500,068	\$ (8	(850)	\$	7,851,725
Schedule of non-cash and related financing activities:								
Non-cash and related financing activities Contribution of capital assets	\$		\$	•	\$		69	

See Notes to Financial Statements

City of Seneca Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Agency Fund June 30, 2018

	Firemei Fund		
Assets			
Cash / investments	\$	36,038	
Liabilities		-	
Net position Held in trust for firemen	\$	36,038	

See Notes to Financial Statements



City of Seneca Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Agency Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Fi	Firemens Fund			
Additions Contributions Investment earnings	\$	38,296 66			
Total additions	\$	38,362			
Reductions Benefits		34,887			
Change in net position	\$	3,475			
Net position, beginning		32,563			
Net position, ending	\$	36,038			

See Notes to Financial Statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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City of Seneca Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

A. Reporting entity

The **City of Seneca** was incorporated in 1874 by a public act passed by the South Carolina General Assembly and later certified in 1902 under Article II Chapter XLIX of the Code of 1902. Currently the City operates under a mayor/council form of government with an appointed City administrator and an elected mayor and eight council members.

The City of Seneca is comprised of the various departments of the general fund, the special revenue funds (which administer the various grant projects), the enterprise funds (light and water and Seneca facilities corp fund), and the agency fund. Seneca facilities corp fund is a blended component unit. There are no discretely presented component units included in this financial statement. No entities are excluded that would make the financial statement misleading.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and, grants or contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if collected within 60 days of the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal year are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other governmental fund revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when received by the government.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989 are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or, contradict, guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance. As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments for quasiexternal type transactions between the government's light and water fund and the general government. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. The City recognizes these transactions as interfund transfers and reports them as an other financing source / use.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, all taxes are general revenues.

Proprietary funds (light and water and Seneca facilities corp funds) distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the fund's primary ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the light and water fund are charges to customers for electric, water and sewer services. Impact and tap fees are reported as operating revenues. Operating expenses for the light and water fund include the costs of utility purchases and services, administrative expenses and asset depreciation. The principal operating revenue of the Seneca facilities corp fund is lease income. Operating expenses include administrative expenses and asset depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating.

The City reports deferred revenue arising from funds received prior to its legal claim to them. The revenues are recognized in subsequent periods when the City has legal claim to those resources.

The City's practice is to use restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available unless there are legal documents, contracts, or agreements that prohibit doing such. Additionally, the City generally would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

Due to legal requirements and the diverse nature of the operations of a city, there must be a separation of transactions by class or nature of activity. The accounts of a city are organized on the basis of funds or account groups, each of which is a separate, independent accounting entity.

The operations of each fund are recorded in a separate, self-balancing set of accounts showing its assets, liabilities, fund balance, and revenues and expenditures. The types of funds maintained by the City of Seneca are as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund -- the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except for those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds -- used to account for the proceeds of specific revenues that are restricted for specific expenditures other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds -- accounts for charges to users for electricity, water and sewer services, lease income and the cost of operations of the utility systems and facilities. Depreciation is recorded in these funds.

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Fund -- accounts for assets held in a trustee capacity for the firemens fund. Assets of this fund are reported at fair value.

D. Blended component unit

Seneca Facilities Corporation is a nonprofit public benefit corporation formed on August 3, 2012 for the purpose of assisting the City in promoting and encouraging the retention of existing businesses and industries and the establishment of new businesses and industries in economically distressed areas of the City. Seneca Facilities Corporation is a blended component unit of the City of Seneca in accordance with the requirements set forth in GASB Statement No. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus." Seneca Facilities Corporation and the City of Seneca have substantively the same governing body, and management of the City have operational responsibility for the activities of Seneca Facilities Corporation. Seneca Facilities Corporation is a major fund and is presented as a proprietary fund in the basic financial statements. Information regarding separate financial statements of Seneca Facilities Corporation may be obtained by contacting Mr. Josh Riches at the City of Seneca, PO Box 4773, Seneca, SC 29679-4773.

Seneca Improvements Corporation is a nonprofit public benefit corporation formed on September 6, 2016 for the purpose of aiding and assisting the City in economic business establishment and retention. The corporation acquired property at 106 N Walnut Street for future development. Seneca Improvements Corporation is a blended component unit of the City of Seneca in accordance with the requirements set forth in GASB Statement No. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus." Seneca Improvements Corporation and the City of Seneca have substantively the same governing body, and management of the City have operational responsibility for the activities of Seneca Improvements Corporation. Seneca Improvements Corporation is presented as a proprietary fund in the basic financial statements. Information regarding separate financial statements of Seneca Improvements Corporation may be obtained by contacting Mr. Josh Riches at the City of Seneca, PO Box 4773, Seneca, SC 29679-4773.

E. Adoption of accounting standards/change in accounting principle

The City of Seneca implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27" ("GASB 68") and GASB No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB No. 68" ("GASB 71" and collectively "Statements") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The primary objective of these Statements is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. In addition, state and local governments who participate in a cost-sharing multiple employer plan are now required to recognize a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of that plan. It is the GASB's intention that these statements will provide citizens and other users of the financial statements with a clearer picture of the size and nature of the City's financial obligations to current and former employees for past services rendered. In particular, these Statements require the City to recognize a net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for its participation in the South Carolina Retirement System and the South Carolina Police Officers' Retirement System ("Plans"), cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pensions plans, on financial statements prepared on the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting (i.e., the statement of net position) and present more extensive note disclosures.

The adoption of these Statements had no impact on the City's governmental fund financial statements, which continue to report expenditures in the amount of the contractually required contributions, as required by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority ("PEBA") who administers the Plans. However, the adoption has resulted in the restatement of the City's net position as of July 1, 2014 for its government-wide financial statements to reflect the reporting of net pensions liabilities and deferred outflows of resources for each of its qualified Plans in accordance with the provisions of these Statements. Due to the operation of an enterprise fund, the Net Pension Liability and Deferred Pension Charges and Credits are allocated between governmental activities and business type activities. The allocations are shown in the table below.

Activity Type	Net Per	nsion Liability		ed Pension harges	 d Pension edits
Governmental Business	\$	11,123,579 8,860,866	\$	2,297,801 1,668,595	\$ 200,587 82,882
Total	<u>\$</u>	19,984,445	<u>\$</u>	3,966,396	\$ 283,469

2. Budgetary information

Annual budgets and supplementary budget appropriations are adopted by ordinance by the City Council providing for operations and capital expenditures of the City. The budget is prepared by function and activity within an individual fund. All budgets are required to have two readings before being enacted into law. There were no budgetary amendments during the fiscal year.

The special revenue funds receiving grant entitlements are mandated by project budgets that may extend over several accounting periods. Therefore, budget control is exercised by project. Such grants having budget periods that encompass more than one accounting period of the City are treated as legal non-appropriated budgets. Budgets for the general, special revenue, and enterprise funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual budgetary appropriations lapse at year-end.

3. Compensated absences

Amounts of vested accumulated leave time (vacation and compensatory time) are recorded as a compensated absence liability in the government-wide financial statements. Vested leave time of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and a liability as the benefits accrue. Amounts of governmental funds vested leave time are not recorded in the general fund until they mature and are due.

4. Inventories

The inventory of the light and water fund (proprietary fund type) consists of expendable supplies and construction materials, which are accounted for in a perpetual inventory system. The inventory is valued at the lower of average cost or market value and is recorded as an expense as consumed.

5. Cash and investments

Cash includes demand deposits and sweep accounts. Cash deposits in excess of amounts insured by Federal Deposit Insurance are collateralized by U.S. Government securities held by the counterparty in the counterparty's name. The carrying amount of all fund's deposits at June 30, 2018 is \$8,953,202. The bank balance of the funds at June 30, 2018 is \$9,018,028, of which \$2,039,715 is category 1 (insured by Federal Deposit Insurance), and \$6,978,314 is category 3 (Uncollateralized...collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution not in the City's name).

The following are the categories of credit risk relating to bank balance:

<u>Risk Category</u>	Description of Category
1	Insured or collateralized with securities held by the Cityor by the City's agent in the City's name.
2	Collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution in the City's name.
3	Uncollateralized – includes any bank balance that is collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution not in the City's name.

Investments are recorded at cost or fair value and interest receivable is accrued at year-end. All investments are expected to be held to maturity. Any significant discount or premium on the purchase of long-term investments is amortized over the term of the investment by the straight-line method. The types of investments authorized by legal or contractual provisions of the City are in accordance with State statutes. Those statutes provide for investments in:

- 1. Obligations of the United States and Agencies thereof.
- 2. General obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units.
- 3. Savings and Loan Associations to the extent that the same are insured by the FDIC.
- 4. Certificates of deposit collateralized by securities of Types 1 or 2 held by a third party as escrow agent or custodian.
- 5. South Carolina Pooled Investment Fund.

The City may also hold funds in deposit accounts with banking institutions and the above such investments shall have maturities consistent with the time/times when the invested monies will be needed as cash. The City invests in funds secured by notes and bonds of the U.S. Government, or its related agencies, certificates of deposit at FDIC insured banking institutions and banking instruments collateralized by U.S. Government Securities. Investments of the State Investment Pool are exempt from risk categorization because third party custodians take delivery of the investment securities. The City owns no identifiable securities but is a shareholder of a percentage of the State Investment Pool. Pooled funds are collateralized by U.S. Government Securities.

The following is a summary by classification of credit risk of significant investments held by the City at June 30, 2018.

Risk Category	Description of Category
1	Insured or registered, or held directly by the City.
2	Uninsured and unregistered and held by the counterparty's
	trust department or agent in the City's name.
3	Uninsured and unregistered and held by the counterparty
	not in the City's name (includes amounts collateralized with securities
	held by the counterparty).

Interest rate risk - The City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by structuring its investments such that the maturities of the investments are consistent with the liquidity requirement of the City.

Credit risk – The City does not invest in commercial paper or bonds of corporations. Its investments are limited to obligations of the United States and agencies thereof, general obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements.

Concentration of credit risk – The City's investment policy does not preclude it from investing idle funds in any one type of investment, provided that the investment is authorized by the State of South Carolina. Sound financial management dictates

that the City limit its exposure to credit risk and, therefore, the City holds various investment instruments provided by multiple issuers.

Custodial credit risk, deposits – In the case of deposits, there is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2018, \$6,978,314 of the City's bank balance of \$9,018,028 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.

Custodial credit risk, investments – For investments, there is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments of collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the investments of \$5,636,453, the City has no custodial credit risk exposure because investments in the State Investment Pool and US Government Agencies are exempt from risk categorization.

The City minimizes its exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits by review of financial statements issued by the financial institutions holding municipal deposits. Investments are recorded at cost or fair value depending on the nature and term of the investment. The following is an analysis of investments held at June 30, 2018:

Investment	 Carrying amount	 Market value		
State Investment Pool US Government Agencies	\$ 10,814 5,625,639	\$ 10,814 5,625,639		
	\$ 5,636,453	\$ 5,636,453		

6. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements prospectively. Capital assets for general governmental purposes are acquired through expenditures from the general fund and the special revenue funds. The City's policy is to capitalize purchases of \$ 5,000 and above.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest cost, net of interest income, incurred during the construction phase is included as construction-period interest as an integral part of the cost of construction. The City qualifies as a phase 3 government for reporting major general infrastructure fixed assets and elects to record such assets prospectively. Capital assets are recorded at cost (fair market value if donated) and depreciated using the straight-line method with estimated useful lives between five and forty years as follows:

Type of asset	Estimated life
Buildings	40
Building improvements	20-40
Furniture and fixtures	7-10
Equipment / vehicles	5-10
Utility systems	40
Paving/streets	10-20

Capital asset activity for the current year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

Governmental Activities

Capital assets, not depreciated	Beginning	Increases	Decreases	Ending
Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,035,039 268,266	\$ - 653,562	\$ - 921,828	\$ 1,035,039 -
Total not depreciated	\$ 1,303,305	\$ 653,562	\$ 921,828	\$ 1,035,039
Capital assets, depreciated				
Buildings Improvements Equipment Vehicles	\$ 8,870,008 10,574,416 1,359,467 10,100,141	\$ 39,616 2,714,876 1,055,275 48,262	\$ - - - 1,054,103	\$ 8,909,624 13,289,292 2,414,742 9.094.300
Total depreciated	\$ 30,904,032	\$ 3,858,029	\$ 1,054,103	\$ 33,707,958
Less accumulated depreciation for:	Beginning	Increases	Decreases	Ending
Buildings Improvements Equipment Vehicles	\$ 4,033,874 5,872,407 1,130,133 5,769,447	\$ 225,848 1,038,907 200,004 569,818	\$ - - 316,231	\$ 4,259,722 6,911,314 1,330,138 6,023,034
Total depreciation	\$ 16,805,861	\$ 2,034,577	\$ 316,231	\$ 18,524,208
Total depreciable assets, net	\$ 14,098,171	\$ 1,823,452	 737,872	\$ 15,183,750
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 15.401.476	\$ 2,477,014	\$ 1.659.700	\$ 16.218.789

Business-Type Activities

Capital assets, not depreciated	Beginning	Increases	Decreases	Ending
Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,271,576 457,785	\$ - 306,863	\$ -	\$ 1,271,576 764,648
Total not depreciated	\$ 1,729,362	\$ 306,863	\$ -	\$ 2,036,224
Capital assets, depreciated				
Buildings Improvements Equipment Vehicles	\$ 17,715,813 70,807,162 6,878,429 3,193,376	\$ 164,915 570,489 127,519 195,969	\$ - 1,648,102 - -	\$ 17,880,728 69,729,549 7,005,948 3,389,345
Total depreciated	\$ 98,594,780	\$ 1,058,892	\$ 1,648,102	\$ 98,005,570
Less accumulated depreciation for:	Beginning	Increases	Decreases	Ending
Buildings Improvements Equipment Vehicles	\$ 586,536 31,936,379 5,433,839 2,555,246	\$ 437,942 1,502,258 213,399 187,863	\$ 3,715 226,614 - -	\$ 1,020,763 33,212,023 5,647,238 2,743,109
Total depreciation	\$ 40,512,000	\$ 2,341,462	\$ 230,329	\$ 42,623,133
Total depreciable assets, net	\$ 58,082,780	\$ (1,282,570)	\$ 1,417,773	\$ 55,382,437
Total business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 59,812,142	\$ (975.707)	\$ 1,417,773	\$ 57,418,661

Depreciation expense of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 709,826
Public safety	160,699
Public works	716,744
Culture & recreation	 202,873
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 1,790,142
Business-type activities	
Electric	\$ 381,451
Water	1,128,820
Sewer	299,907
Administration	 531,284
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 2,341,462

7. Property taxes

Property taxes, the primary source of revenue for the general fund, are collected for the City by the Oconee County tax collector. The County retains any penalties collected as compensation for this service. The property tax calendar is as follows:

Levy	On September 30th on all real and personal property (except vehicles) based on the assessment of the preceding December 31 st
Tax due	On or before January 15 th
Penalty	3% after January 15th 7% additional after February 1 st
Delinquent	Liens are filed upon execution after March 16th with an additional 5% penalty, plus \$ 2.
Property sales	On delinquent property held in year after year of levy
Motor vehicles	Monthly, assessed and collected in advance of the vehicle registration with the motor vehicle department

Taxes receivable in the general fund at June 30, 2018 represent uncollected tax levies less allowance for doubtful accounts as follows:

	Receivable		Allowance	
General fund	\$	90,176	\$	2,705

8. Receivables

Enterprise fund receivables consist of utility charges to customers. Unbilled services provided by the City's enterprise fund since the last billing period have been recorded as receivables at year end. Receivables as of year end for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Receivable	General	Business Activity	Nonmajor	Total
Taxes	\$ 87,470	\$-	\$ -	\$ 87,470
Accounts	226,286	3,744,211	46,286	4,016,783
Intergovernmental	74,746	2,119,640	-	2,194,386
Other	-	362,471	41,937	404,408
Gross receivables	\$ 388,502	\$ 6,226,322	\$ 88,223	\$ 6,703,047
Less allowance	2,705			2,705
Net receivables	\$ 385,797	\$ 6,226,322	\$ 88,223	\$ 6,700,342

9. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the unamortized bond/loan costs in the proprietary funds.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

10. Interfund transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds. The primary purpose of such transactions is to transfer funds for the purpose of capital items and to record the capital items purchased. Transfers among governmental fund types are presented as transfers under the caption "Other Financing Sources (Uses)" or, as residual equity transfers in the fund financial statements.

Transfers to or from the enterprise funds are recorded as operating transfers or as increases or decreases, respectively, in net position to better reflect the substance of such transfers.

Quasi-external non-exchange type transactions reflecting the revenues and the expenditures (expenses) of interfund transactions such as payments in-lieu of taxes for enterprise fund assets, utilities provided from enterprise funds to City buildings, franchise fees on enterprise fund gross revenues, overhead allocation of general fund personnel, and the like, are included in these financial statements as interfund transfers.

Interfund transfers for the year, in the aggregate, were as follows:

Fund	Tra	ansfers in	Tra	nsfers out	Tra	nsfers - net
General fund Light & water fund Seneca improvements corp Nonmajor governmental	\$	6,725,503 - 138,505	\$	78,625 6,629,196 -	\$	6,646,878 (6,629,196) 138,505
funds		78,625		234,812		(156,187)
Total transfers	\$	6,942,633	\$	6,942,633	\$	

As of June 30, 2018, interfund receivables and payables that resulted from interfund transactions were as follows:

Fund		Due from other funds		Due to other funds	
General fund	\$	-	\$	1,340,000	
Light & water fund		779,640		-	
Seneca facilities corp fund		1,340,000		411,934	
Seneca improvements corp		-		5,000	
Nonmajor governmental funds		-		362,706	
Totals	\$	2,119,640	\$	2,119,640	

11. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Revenue Bonds

The City issued revenue bonds in its business-type activities where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or contructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds (gross) outstanding at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Balance	Current Portion
2012 Combined Utility System	2.28%	5,815,000	775,000
2013 Combined Utility System	2.73%	5,070,000	400,000
Total		\$ 10,885,000	\$ 1,175,000

Advance Refunding

On March 29, 2012, the City issued \$8,350,000 of Combined Utility System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, to provide resources to purchase U.S Government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for future debt service payments of \$7,475,000 of the Series 2004 Combined Utility System Revenue Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the proprietary fund statement of net position. The refunding was undertaken to reduce total future debt service payments. The reaquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$988,992. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the new debt's life, which is the same as the refunded debt. The transaction also resulted in an ecomonic gain of \$482,967 and a reduction of \$581,775 in future debt service payments.

Date	Principal	Rate	Interest	Debt svc	Calendar yr debt svc
08/01/18	775,000	2.28	66,291	841,291	907,582
02/01/19			57,456	57,456	
08/01/19	790,000	2.28	57,456	847,456	904,912
02/01/20			48,450	48,450	
08/01/20	810,000	2.28	48,450	858,450	906,900
02/01/21			39,216	39,216	
08/01/21	830,000	2.28	39,216	869,216	908,432
02/01/22			29,754	29,754	
08/01/22	850,000	2.28	29,754	879,754	909,508
02/01/23			20,064	20,064	
08/01/23	870,000	2.28	20,064	890,064	910,128
02/01/24			10,146	10,146	
08/01/24	890,000	2.28	10,146	900,146	910,292
Totals	\$ 5,815,000	=	\$ 476,463	\$ 6,291,463	

The following table provides the Series 2012 bond debt service for future periods.

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The following table provides the Series 2013 bond debt service for future periods.

Date	Principal	Rate	Interest	Debt svc	Calendar yr debt svc
08/01/18	400,000	2.73	69,205	469,205	538,410
02/01/19	,		63,745	63,745	,
08/01/19	415,000	2.73	63,745	478,745	542,490
02/01/20			58,081	58,081	
08/01/20	425,000	2.73	58,081	483,081	541,162
02/01/21			52,280	52,280	
08/01/21	435,000	2.73	52,280	487,280	539,560
02/01/22			46,342	46,342	
08/01/22	445,000	2.73	46,342	491,342	537,684
02/01/23			40,267	40,267	
08/01/23	460,000	2.73	40,267	500,267	540,534
02/01/24			33,989	33,989	
08/01/24	470,000	2.73	33,989	503,989	537,978
02/01/25			27,573	27,573	
08/01/25	485,000	2.73	27,573	512,573	540,146
02/01/26			20,953	20,953	
08/01/26	500,000	2.73	20,953	520,953	541,906
02/01/27			14,128	14,128	
08/01/27	510,000	2.73	14,128	524,128	538,256
02/01/28			7,166	7,166	
08/01/28	525,000	2.73	7,166	532,166	539,332
Totals	\$ 5,070,000	_	\$ 798,253	\$ 5,868,253	

Loan agreements – Seneca Facilities Corporation

On August 30, 2012, Seneca Facilities Corporation, a blended component unit of the City of Seneca, entered into a loan agreement with TD Community Development Corporation (TDCDC) in the amount of \$5,220,000 for the purchase of and construction and improvements to the property at 320 Shiloh Road. The loan consists of two promissory notes as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Maturity	 Amount
Note A Note B – New Market Tax	3.95%	08/30/2022	\$ 4,020,000
Credit Equity Loan	2.25%	08/31/2052	 1,200,000
Total			\$ 5,220,000

Following are the payment terms for each note.

Note A - Beginning October 1, 2012, monthly interest only payments are due until August 1, 2019. On September 1, 2019, a one-time principal reduction payment is due in the amount of \$1,876,000. Beginning September 1, 2019, monthly principal and interest payments are due until August 1, 2022, at which time a balloon payment is due in the amount of \$1,500,800.

Note B – Beginning October 1, 2012, monthly interest only payments are due until August 1, 2019, after which interest shall continue to accrue on the outstanding principal balance, but no payments of principal or interest are due until the maturity date. The note is subject to a put/call agreement whereby TDCDC may elect within the put option period to require Seneca Facilities Corporation, or its designee, to purchase the B note for an amount equal to 1% of the principal amount of the note. Upon expiration of the put option period, Seneca Facilities Corporation has the right to require TDCDC to sell the B note to Seneca Facilities Corporation, or its designee, at the fair market value of the note, or the call price.

The following table provides the Note A debt service for future periods.

Fiscal yr ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Debt svc	Calendar yr debt svc
2019	-	160,965	160,965	2,082,969
2020	2,054,667	95,510	2,150,177	293,448
2021	214,400	74,790	289,190	284,862
2022	214,400	66,204	280,604	1,690,819
2023	1,536,533	15,332	1,551,865	-
Totals	\$ 4,020,000	\$ 412,801	\$ 4,432,801	

The following table provides the Note B debt service for future periods.

Fiscal yr ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Debt svc	Calendar yr debt svc
2019	-	27,375	27,375	1,220,550
2020 Totals	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>1,206,900</u> \$ 1,234,275	-

2007 State Revolving Fund Loan

The City authorized the issuance of a utility system revenue bond from the South Carolina Drinking Water Revolving Loan Fund (SRF) for the construction of a 1,000,000 gallon storage tank and associated line work and appurtenances. The promissory note is for \$1,993,633 and bears interest at 3.5% annum for the first twelve payments, then 2.25% thereafter. Payments began February 1, 2009 and continue for 20 years. Quarterly principal and interest payments in the amount of \$31,495.56 are due February 1st, May 1st, August 1st and November 1st. The following table provides the SRF loan debt service for future periods.

Fiscal year ending				Calendar yr
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Debt svc	debt svc
2019	100.382	25.600	125.982	125,982
2020	102,660	23,322	125,982	125,982
2021	104,989	20,993	125,982	125,982
2022	107,372	18,610	125,982	125,982
2023	109,808	16,174	125,982	125,982
2024	112,299	13,683	125,982	125,982
2025	114,848	11,134	125,982	125,982
2026	117,454	8,528	125,982	125,982
2027	120,119	5,863	125,982	125,982
2028	122,844	3,138	125,982	125,982
2029	62,466	529	62,995	-
Totals	\$ 1,175,241	\$ 147,574	\$ 1,322,815	

Capital leases

The City has several lease agreements which qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes. Following are the assets leased under capital leases:

<u>Equipment</u>	
Governmental activities:	
Hook truck	\$ 85,225
Mini excavator	60,300
Pickup truck	28,779
Wheel loader	93,800
Hook truck	120,005
Garbage truck	 252,520
	\$ 640,629

Business-type activities:	
Vacuum truck	\$ 268,491
Backhoes/excavator	474,268
Pressure washer	58,300
Flat bed truck	42,905
Dump truck	109,240
Bucket truck	131,135
Excavator	68,475
Track loader	 51,503
	\$ 1,204,317

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under these capital leases and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2018.

Fiscal year ending	Leas	e payments
06/30/2019		332,338
06/30/2020		332,338
06/30/2021		229,097
06/30/2022		229,097
Total minimum lease payments Less interest portion	\$	1,122,870 (35,573)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$	1,087,297

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance	Due within one year	
Governmental activities: Capital leases	\$ 572,977	\$ -	\$ (127,126)	\$ 445,851	\$ 110,519	
Business-type activities: Revenue bonds payable Deferred amount on refunding	\$ 12,035,000 (570,828)	\$	\$ (1,150,000) 79.650	\$ 10,885,000 (491,178)	\$ 1,175,000 _	
Total bonds payable	\$ 11,464,172	\$ -	\$ (1,070,350)	\$ 10,393,822	\$ 1,175,000	
NMTC loans SRF loan	\$ 5,220,000 11,936,217	\$ - -	\$	\$ 5,220,000 11,332,143	\$ 614,550	
Total loans	\$ 17,156,217	\$ -	\$ (604,074)	\$ 16,552,143	\$ 614,550	
Capital lease	\$ 900,210	\$ -	\$ (258,763)	\$ 641,447	\$ 206,516	
Business-type activity long-term liabilities	\$ 29,520,599	\$ -	\$ (1,933,187)	\$ 27,587,412	\$ 1,996,066	

2014 State Revolving Fund Loan

On March 10, 2014 the City entered into a loan agreement with the South Carolina Water Quality Revolving Fund Authority in the amount of \$11,528,750 for water system improvements and meter replacements. The loan bears interest at 1.64% per annum over 20 years. Payments began November 1, 2015 and continue 20 years. Quarterly principal and interest payments in the amount of \$169,310 are due February 1st, May 1st, August 1st, and November 1st of each year.

Additional information regarding long-term debt may be obtained by contacting Mr. Josh Riches at the City of Seneca, PO Box 4773, Seneca, SC 29679-4773.

12. Segment information

The City of Seneca maintains three enterprise funds (light and water, Seneca facilities corp funds and Seneca improovements corp funds). Segment information for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Light	& water fund	facilities corp fund	Seneca improvements corp	enterprise funds
Operating revenues	\$	29,334,040	\$ 929,068	-	\$ 30,263,108
Depreciation		2,211,964	129,498	-	2,341,462
Operating income (loss)		4,687,493	532,560	-	5,220,053
Net income		(2,518,992)	344,190	138,505	(2,036,297)
Contributed capital		-	-	-	-
Net position		34,606,555	1,370,505	332,965	36,310,025

13. Fund balance

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions ("GASB 54"), the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that inherently cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form (i.e. prepaids, inventories, etc.) or because of legal or contractual requirements (i.e. principal on an endowment, etc.).

Restricted – includes amounts that are constrained by specific purposes which are externally imposed by (a) other governments through laws and regulations, (b) grantors or contributions through agreements, (c) creditors through debt covenants or other contracts, or (d) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action made by the City Council, which is the highest level of decision making authority, before the end of the reporting period. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other

purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned – includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed and that such assignments are made before the report issuance date.

Unassigned – includes amounts that do not qualify to be accounted for and reported in any of the other fund balance categories. This classification represents the amount of fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if the expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

14. Net position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation adopted by City Council or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governmental entities.

15. State Retirement Plans

The City participates in the State of South Carolina's retirement plans, which are administered by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority ("PEBA"), which was created on July 1, 2012 and administers the various retirement systems and retirement programs managed by its Retirement Division. PEBA has an 11 member Board of Directors, appointed by the Governor and General Assembly leadership, which serves as co-trustee and co-fiduciary of the systems and the trust funds. By law, the State Fiscal Accountability Authority ("SFAA"), which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the funding of the South Carolina Retirement Systems ("Systems") and serves as a co-trustee of the Systems in conducting that review. Effective July 1, 2017, the Retirement System Funding and Administrative Act of 2017 assigned the PEBA Board of Directors as the Custodian as the Retirement Trust Funds and assigned SC PEBA and the Retirement Systems Investment Commission ("RSIC") as co-trustees of the Retirement Trust Funds.

PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the South Carolina Retirement Systems' Pension Trust funds. The CAFR is publicly

available on the Retirement Benefits' link on PEBA's website at <u>www.peba.sc.gov</u>, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

Plan Description

The South Carolina Retirement System ("SCRS"), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for the employees of the state, its public school districts, and political subdivisions.

The South Carolina Police Officers' Retirement System ("PORS"), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1962 pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for police officers and firemen of the state and its political subdivisions.

Plan Membership

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A summary of the requirements of each system is listed below.

SCRS – Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of member of the system with an effective date of member of the system with an effective date of member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a class Three member.

PORS – To be eligible for PORs membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; or to serve as a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. An employee member of the system with an

effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

Plan Benefits

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefits terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation. A brief summary of benefits terms for each system is presented here.

SCRS – A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

PORS – A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of service regardless of age. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits

are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty.

The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

Plan Contributions

Contributions are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. The PEBA Board may increase the SCRS employer and employee contribution rates on the basis of the actuarial valuations, but any such increase may not result in a differential between the employee and employer contribution rate that exceeds 2.9% of earnable compensation for SCRS and 5% for PORS. An increase in the contribution rates adopted by the board may not provide for an increase of more than one-half of one percent in any one year. If the scheduled employee and employer contributions provided in statute or the rates last adopted by the board are insufficient to maintain a thirty year amortization schedule of the unfunded liabilities of the plans, the

board shall increase the contributions rates in equal percentage amounts for the employer and employee as necessary to maintain the thirty-year amortization period; and this increase is not limited to one-half of one percent per year.

If the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the Systems for funding purposes shows a ratio of the actuarial value of system assets to the actuarial accrued liability of the system (the funded ratio) that is equal to or greater than ninety percent, then the PEBA board, effective on the following July first, may decrease the then current contribution rates upon making a finding that the decrease will not result in a funded ratio of less than ninety percent. Any decrease in contribution rates must maintain the 2.9 and 5 percent differentials between the SCRS and PORS employer and employee contribution rates respectively. If contribution rates are decreased pursuant to this provision, and the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio of less than ninety percent, then effective on the following July first, and annually thereafter as necessary, the PEBA board shall increase the then current contribution rates until a subsequent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio that is equal to or greater than 90 percent.

The Retirement System Funding and Administration Act of 2017 increases employer contribution rates to 13.56 percent for the SCRS and 16.24 percent for the PORS, effective July 1, 2017. It also removes the 2.9 percent and 5 percent differential and increases and establishes a ceiling on employee contribution rates at 9 percent and 9.75 percent for the SCRS and the PORS, respectively. The employer contribution rates will continue to increase annually by 1 percent through July 1, 2022. The legislation's ultimate scheduled employer rate is 18.56 percent for the SCRS and 21.24 percent for the PORS. The amortization period is scheduled to be reduced one year for each of the next 10 years to a twenty-year amortization schedule. The recent pension reform legislation also changes the long-term funded ratio requirement from ninety to eighty-five.

As noted above, both employee and the city are required to contribute to the Plans at rates established and as amended by the PEBA. The City's contributions are actuarially determined, but are communicated to and paid by the City as a percentage of the employees' annual eligible compensation as follows for the past three years:

	S	CRS Rate	s	PORS Rates		
	2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018
Employer Rate:						
Retirement*	10.91%	11.41%	13.41%	13.34%	13.84%	15.84%
Incidental Death Benefit	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
Accidental Death Contributions	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
	11.06%	11.56%	13.56%	13.74%	14.24%	16.24%
Employee Rate	8.16%	8.66%	9.00%	8.74%	9.24%	9.75%

The required contributions and percentages of amounts contributed by the City to the Plans for the past three years were as follows:

Year Ended		SCRS Contributions			PORS Contributions			
June 30,		Required	% Contributed		Required	% Contributed		
2018	\$	881,435	100%	\$	423,979	100%		
2017		740,543	100%		398,484	100%		
2016		656,957	100%		371,732	100%		

Eligible Payrolls of the City covered under the Plans for the past three years were as follows:

Year Ended			Total
June 30,	SCRS Payroll	PORS Payroll	Payroll
2018	\$6,500,262	\$2,610,710	\$9,110,972
2017	6,406,079	2,798,343	9,204,422
2016	5,939,939	2,705,476	8,645,415

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations of the ongoing plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study must be completed at least once in each five-year period. An experience report on the Systems was most recently issued as of July 1, 2015.

The June 30, 2017, total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information shown in this report were determined by the PEBA's consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company ("GRS") and are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2016. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plans' fiscal year, June 30, 2017, using generally accepted accounting principles. The Retirement System Funding and Administrative Act of 2017 was signed into law April 25, 2017, and included a provision to reduce the assumed rate of return from 7.5% to 7.25% effective July 1, 2017. As a result of this legislation, GRS made an adjustment to the calculation of the roll-forward total pension liability for this assumption change as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017. The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the July 1, 2016, valuations for the SCRS and PORS.

	SCRS	PORS
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment Rate of Return *	7.25%	7.5%
Salary increases *	3.0% to 12.5%	3.5% to 9.5%
Benefits adjustments	Lesser of 1% or \$500 annually	Lesser of 1% or \$500 annually
* Includes inflation at 2.25%		-

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumptions, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality table ("2016 PRSC"), was developed using the Systems' mortality experience. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA project from the year 2016.

Former Job Class	Males	Females
Educators	2016 PRSC Males Multiplied by 92%.	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 98%
General employees and members of the General Assembly	2016 PRSC Males Multiplied by 100%.	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 111%
Public safety and Firefighters	2016 PRSC Males Multiplied by 125%.	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 111%

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon 30 year capital market assumptions. The long-term expected rate of returns represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees.

The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2017 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation and is summarized in the table below. For actuarial purposes, the 7.25 percent assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the TPL includes a 5.00 percent real rate of return and a 2.25 percent inflation component.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	45.0%		
Global Public Equity	31.0%	6.72%	2.07%
Private Equity	9.0%	9.60%	0.86%
Equity Options Strategies	5.0%	5.91%	0.30%
Real Assets	8.0%		
Real Estate (Private)	5.0%	4.32%	0.22%
Real Estate (REITs)	2.0%	6.33%	0.13%
Infradtructure	1.0%	6.26%	0.06%
Opportunistic	17.0%		
GTAA/Risk Parity	10.0%	4.16%	0.42%
Hedge Funds(non-PA)	4.0%	3.82%	0.15%
Other Opportunistic Strategies	3.0%	4.16%	0.12%
Diversified Credit	18.0%		
Mixed Credit	6.0%	3.92%	0.24%
Emerging Markets Debt	5.0%	5.01%	0.25%
Private Debt	7.0%	4.37%	0.31%
Conservative Fixed Income	12.0%		
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.60%	0.16%
Cash and Short Duration(Net)	2.0%	0.92%	0.02%
Total Expected Real Return	100%		5.31%
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes			2.25%
Total Expected Nominal Return			7.56%

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability ("NPL") is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less that System's fiduciary net position. NPL totals, as of June 30, 2017 measurement date, for the SCRS and PORS are presented in the following table:

System	Tota	l Pension Liability	PI	an Fiduciary Net Position	Employers' Net Pension Liability <u>(</u> Asset)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension	
SCRS	\$	48,244,437,494	\$	25,732,829,268	\$ 22,511,608,226	53.3%	
PORS	\$	7,013,684,001	\$	4,274,123,178	\$ 2,739,560,823	60.9%	

The total pension liability is calculated by the Systems' actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the Systems' financial statements. The net position liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB No. 67 in the Systems' notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Systems' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 67 and 68 are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the plans' funding requirements.

At June 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$19,984,455 for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities for the SCRS plan \$14,291,720 and PORS plan \$5,692,725. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liabilities for the plans used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined based on the most recent actuarial valuation report of July 1, 2015 that was projected forward to the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net pension liabilities were based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating South Carolina state and local governmental employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the City's SCRS proportion was 0.063486 percent, which was a decrease of .0026980 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2017, the City's PORS proportion was 0.20780 percent, which was an decrease of .00866 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense on its government-wide financial statements of \$1,476,329, consisting of \$964,896 for SCRS and \$511,433 for the PORS. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

Description				ed Inflows of <u>sources</u>
SCRS	-			
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	63,712	\$	7,922
Changes in Assumptions		836,627		-
Net Difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		398,958		-
Deferred amounts from changes in				
proportionate share and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate				
share of total plan employer contributions		510,550		125,760
City's contributions subsequent to the		004 405		
measurement date		881,435		-
Total SCRS		2,691,282		133,681
PORS				
Differences between expected and actual		E0 762		
experience		50,763		-
Changes in Assumptions Net Difference between projected and actual		540,292		-
earnings on pension plan investments		202,855		_
Deferred amounts from changes in		202,000		
proportionate share and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate				
share of total plan employer contributions		57,225		149,788
City's contributions subsequent to the		- , -		-,
measurement date		423,979		-
Total PORS		1,275,114		149,788
Total SCRS and PORS	\$	3,966,396	\$	283,469

The \$881,435 and \$423,979 that were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date to the SCRS and PORS, respectively, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the SCRS and PORS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	SCRS		PORS		Total	
2019	\$	466,230	\$	213,485	\$	679,715
2020		770,294		303,672		1,073,966
2021		540,723		161,699		732,422
2022		(101,081)		(7,510)		(108,591)
Total	\$	1,676,166	\$	701,346	\$	2,377,512

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the funding contributions from participating employers in SCRS and PORS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina Carolina Code of Laws.

Based on those assumptions, each System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the sensitivity of City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plans changes in the discount rate, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.25%) or 1% point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

System	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability				
of the SCRS City's proportionate share	\$ 18,420,063	\$ 14,291,720	\$ 11,786,785	
of the net pension liability of the PORS	\$ 7,686,262	\$ 5,692,725	\$ 4,122,443	

Plans' Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the plans administered by PEBA is available in the separately issued CAFR containing financial statements and required supplementary information. The CAFR of the Pension Trust Funds is publicly available on PEBA's Retirement Benefits' website at <u>www.retirement.sc.gov</u>, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223.

16. Restricted assets

The City recognizes unspent proceeds of enterprise fund revenue bonds, resources set aside for debt amortization and construction projects, and resources set aside from peak generation savings as restricted assets.

The bond principal and interest accounts are escrow accounts for current maturities of bond principal and interest. The peak generation savings account represents

funds set aside for future capital expansion and for defeasance of bond debt. Account balances at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Debt service		1,330,065
Health care		18,879
Peak general savings fund		1,366,584
Total restricted assets	\$	2,715,528

17. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

The amounts of any excess of governmental expenditures over appropriations at the legal level of control are as follows: Does not include capital outlay.

General fund	Expenditures		Арр	propriations	Excess		
General government	\$	1,813,970	\$	1,736,343	\$	77,627	
Culture & recreation		1,795,592		1,453,221		342,371	
Public works		1,855,262		1,839,491		15,771	
Public safety		4,844,426		5,282,220		(437,794)	

18. Public transit

Clemson Area Transit Service

The City began operations of a City-wide public transit service affiliated with the City of Clemson and the Clemson Area Transit (CAT) in 2007. The Clemson Area Transit provides bus service to citizens without charge. Funding for the operations of the transit system was through a grant agreement with the South Carolina Department of Transportation (SCDOT).

In accordance with the grant agreement, funding consisted of the following for fiscal year ending June 30, 2018:

\$ 463,143
146,458
 297,402
\$ 907,003
\$ \$

19. Lease agreement – Seneca Facilities Corporation

<u>Lease terms</u>

Funding

On August 30, 2012 the City entered into a lease agreement with Seneca Facilities Corporation for the lease of the property at 320 Shiloh Road through September 1,

2027. Annual lease payments in the amount of \$500,000 are due August 30th of each year. An additional one-time lease payment in the amount of \$1,876,000 is due on August 30, 2019. If at any time following the date of the lease agreement a portion of the property is leased directly by Seneca Facilities Corporation to a tenant, the amount of the annual lease payment due by the City will be reduced by the amount of the annual rent actually paid to Seneca Facilities Corporation by the tenant. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the City made lease payments to Seneca Facilities Corporation in the amount of \$120,000.

Escrow payments

The City is required to make an annual escrow payment in the amount of \$268,000 on August 30, 2013 through 2019. The escrow payments will be applied toward the additional lease payment due on August 30, 2019 in the amount of \$1,876,000.

Facilities management agreement

In accordance with the lease agreement, the City entered into a facilities management agreement with Seneca Facilities Corporation for the management of the property at 320 Shiloh Road. Seneca Facilities Corporation is required to pay a management fee in the amount of \$50,000 to the City on June 30th of each of the years 2013 to and including 2022.

20. Construction commitments

The City has no construction commitments as of June 30, 2018.

21. Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City is insured for these risks of loss by commercial insurance.

22. Self-insured health insurance

On July 1, 2010, the City established a self insured comprehensive group health care plan for its employees. A third party administrator has been retained to process and pay health claims incurred by employees and/or their dependents, if they are enrolled in the plan. The plan establishes a "Stop Loss" of \$ 50,000 per person per contract year. Claims that exceed the \$ 50,000 "Stop Loss" threshold are covered under an excess loss insurance policy. At year-end, claims due and payable equal approximately \$ 133,596 based upon claims filed and premiums due. This amount is recorded as a liability and expense within the General Fund and Light & Water Fund. The following indicates claims versus premiums for the past three fiscal years:

Fiscal year ending June 30,	Beginning Liability		C C	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimate		Claim Payments		Ending Liability	
2018	\$	181,079	\$	1,050,101	\$	944,440	\$	286,740	
2017		133,596		956,139		908,655		181,079	
2016		221,052		1,002,136		1,089,592		133,596	

23. Prior-Period Adjustment

A prior-period adjustment was made to increase the net position of the L&W fund by \$113,353. In 2017 the L&W fund paid for a new roof on the Seneca Improvements Corporation Hometown building. The cost of the new roof was expensed in the L&W fund in 2017. The cost was transferred to the Seneca Improvements Corportion fund and increased the cost of the Hometown building held for investment. This restates the net position of the L&W fund from \$37,012,194 to \$37,125,547 and had no affect to the net position of the other funds.

A prior-period adjustment was made to increase the net position of the Seneca Improvements Corporation by \$3,715. In 2017 Seneca Improvements Corporation purchased the Hometown building for investment. The building was depreciated by \$3,715, but the building is held for investment and should not be depreciated. This restates the net position of the Seneca Improvements Corporation fund from \$190,745 to \$194,460.

24. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to year-end the City had the following items to disclose:

- Entered into a contract with SCDOT for LoNo grant funding in the amount of \$1,450,000 to purchase two Proterra buses.
- Entered into a lease/purchase agreement with Carolina Alliance Bank to purchase a Pierce Fire Engine from Spartan Fire & Emergency Apparatus in the amount of \$477,924.

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

City of Seneca CAT Operating Grant...PT-8N711-47 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Rudraf		Actual		>	Varianco
Revenues	1	106000	I	mmou	-		
Federal aid	\$	571,078	\$	463,143	~	69	(107,935)
State aid		184,214		146,458	~		(37,756)
county and Other		-		ou,uuu 169,394	I		169,394
Total revenues	\$	815,292	\$	838,995		\$	23,703
Expenditures							
Current operating General government							
Project administration	١		•				:
Federal	63	508,274 162 066	\$	463,143 1 46 460		\$	45,131
Local		53,402		154,878			(101,476)
Capital outlay							
Local		120,000		120,000	- - I		١
Total expenditures	\$	845,631	69	884,479		69	(38,848)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	63	(30,339)	\$	(45,484)	(69	15,145
Other financing sources							
Transfers in	\$	30,339	\$	68,008	- ~ I	Ş	(37,669)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)							
expenditures	63	•	69	22,524	_	69	(22,524)
Fund balance, beginning		•		•	. 1		•
Fund balance, ending	\$	•	\$	22,524		\$	(22,524)

CITY OF SENECA SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (In dollars)

OPT Contract #		Р	T-8N711-47		
Contract period:		July 1, 20)17 - June 30, 2	018	
	Budget	Section 5311	SMTF	Local	Variance
Performance Period		July 2	017 - June 2018	3	
ADMINISTRATION					
Other Salaries & Wages	71,384	40,992	5,124	5,124	20,144
Fringe Benefits	22,491	13,418	1,677	1,677	5,719
Professional & Technical Service	182,376	120,451	15,056	15,056	31,812
Materials and Supplies	1,500	90	11	11	1,387
Total Administration	277,751	174,951	21,869	21,869	59,062
OPERATIONS					
Professional & Technical Service	601,756	200,457	102,047	110,467	188,785
Custodial Service	5,000	11,469	5,735	5,735	(17,938)
Other Services - Cintas	-	-	-	-	-
Utilities	8,826	19,399	9,700	9,700	(29,972)
Total Operations	615,582	231,325	117,481	125,901	140,875
CAPITAL					
Spare Parts Maintenance items	-	-	-	-	-
Lease	-	-	-	120,000	(120,000)
Preventive Maintenance	60,000	43,671	5,459	5,459	5,411
Miscellaneous Equipment	20,000	13,195	1,649	1,649	3,506
Shop Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Total Capital	80,000	56,866	7,108	127,108	(111,083)
Total Program	973,333	463,143	146,458	274,878	88,854
Approved Budget	973,333				
Federal Costs	463,143				
State Costs	146,458				
Local Costs	274,878				
Budget Balance	88,854	-			

Note: This schedule is prepared on the approved budget of the OPT Contract.

City of Seneca Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2018

	Con Deve	Community Development	Ĭ	Hospitality Tax	Aco	Accomodations Tax	"C" Funds			Total
Assets Cash	ક્ર	5,521	\$	573,444	\$	(22,698)	\$.	\$	556,267
Receivables Notes / Accounts Interest		41,929 8		20 -		46,266 -				88,215 8
Total assets	\$	47,458	63	573,464	69	23,568	ક્ર	۰II	63	644,490
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds	69		69	11,930 362,706	\$	23,568 -	¢]	\$	35,498 362,706
Total liabilities	ક્ર		જ	374,636	\$	23,568	¢	- 1	\$	398,204
Fund balances		47,458		198,828				- 1		246,286
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	47,458	\$	573,464	ક્ર	23,568	રુ	·	જ	644,490

City of Seneca Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Com Devel	Community Development	Ĭ	Hospitality Tax	Ассо	Accomodations Tax		"C" Funds		Total
Revenues	69		69	670.310	69	130.704	69		69	801.014
Federal aid		•		•	L	1		•		
State aid		•		•		•		634,415		634,415
Investment earnings		1								1
Other revenue		·		2,267		•		•		2,267
Total revenues	63	٢	63	672,577	\$	130,704	\$	634,415	\$	1,437,697
Expenditures										
Current operating										
General government Culture and recreation	\$	•	69	329.364	69	•	69	•	69	329.364
Capital outlay		·		71,635		ı		645,032		716,667
Intergovernmental grants		•		2,038		•				2,038
		959		•		38,493		•		39,452
Total expenditures	\$	959	63	403,037	\$	38,493	63	645,032	63	1,087,521
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(958)	\$	269,540	\$	92,211	\$	(10,617)	63	350,176
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)	\$		\$	(142,600)	\$	(92,211)	રુ	10,617	\$	(224,194)
Net change in fund balances	63	(958)	63	126,940	69		63		\$	125,982
Fund balances, beginning		48,416		71,888				·		120,304
Fund balances, ending	69	47.458	69	198.828	64	ı	69	•	6	246,286

City of Seneca Community Development Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	B	Budget		Actual	Va	Variance
Revenues Investment earnings	\$		\$	1	\$	1
Expenditures Other	\$		\$	959	\$	(959)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$		\$	(958)	\$	(958)
Fund balance, beginning		48,416		48,416		'
Fund balance, ending	\$	48,416	69	47,458	\$	(958)

1		Budget		Actual	2	Variance
Revenues Hospitality Tax Local ATAX Other revenue	\$	550,000 60,000 -	\$	587,544 82,766 2,267	\$	37,544 22,766 2,267
Total revenues	ક	610,000	\$	672,577	\$	62,577
Expenditures Current operating Culture and recreation Capital outlay	\$	382,400 -	\$	329,364 71,635	\$	53,036 (71,635)
Intergovernmental grants Total expenditures	69	20,000 402,400	\$	2,038 403,037	\$	17,962 (637)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	207,600	\$3	269,540	\$3	61,940
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out		(207,600)		(142,600)		65,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	\$		\$	126,940	63	126,940
Fund balance, beginning Fund balance, ending	\$	71,888 71,888	\$	71,888 198,828	\$	- 126,940

See Notes to Financial Statements

City of Seneca Hospitality Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018 City of Seneca Accomodations Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budget	Actual	>	Variance
Revenues Taxes	\$	100,000	\$ 130,704	\$	30,704
Expenditures Other	ક્ષ	22,500	\$ 38,493	\$	(15,993)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	63	77,500	\$ 92,211	\$	14,711
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out		(77,500)	(92,211)		(14,711)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	\$		\$	63	
Fund balance, beginning Fund balance, ending	\$	•	\$ •	\$	•

City of Seneca "C" Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	H	Budget		Actual	-	Variance
Revenues State aid	ક્સ	150,000	જ	634,415	\$	484,415
Expenditures Public works / paving	ક્ષ	150,000	63	645,032	63	(495,032)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$		\$	(10,617)	63	(10,617)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out				10,617		10,617
Fund balance, beginning Fund balance, ending	\$		\$		ઝ	

City of Seneca Light & Water Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Budget to Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Budget	 Actual	_	Variance
Operating revenues				
Charges for services				
Electric receipts	\$ 18,807,878	\$ 18,132,477	\$	(675,401)
Water receipts	7,574,657	7,057,113		(517,544)
Sewer receipts	3,525,000	3,440,033		(84,967)
Other revenues	 150,000	704,417		554,417
Total operating revenues	\$ 30,057,535	\$ 29,334,040	\$	(723,495)
Operating expenses				
Light & water administration (505)	\$ 1,552,381	\$ 1,967,154	\$	(414,773)
I & I department (506)	154,215	154,560		(345)
Billing department (507)	904,810	891,961		12,849
Engineering department (508)	507,582	694,310		(186,728)
Electrical department (509)	1,884,574	2,384,841		(500,267)
Water department (510)	1,680,835	1,815,916		(135,081)
Sewer department (511)	2,620,452	2,687,643		(67,191)
Water plant (512)	1,557,858	1,815,648		(257,790)
Electrical generation/purchase (513)	9,598,949	9,423,836		175,113
Maintenance (514)	529,097	598,714		(69,617)
Depreciation	 1,818,303	 2,211,964		(393,661)
Total operating expenses	\$ 22,809,056	\$ 24,646,547	\$	(1,837,491)
Operating income (loss)	\$ 7,248,479	\$ 4,687,493	\$	(2,560,986)
Non-operating transactions				
Investment income (loss)	\$ 1,500	\$ (16,920)	\$	(18,420)
Interest expense	(597,059)	(560,376)		36,683
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	3,000	7		(2,993)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Interfund transfers in (out)	 (3,667,000)	(6,629,196)		(2,962,196)
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,988,920	\$ (2,518,992)	\$	(5,507,912)
Net position, beginning	37,012,194	37,012,194		-
Prior period adjustment	\$ -	\$ 113,353	\$	113,353
Net position, ending	\$ 40,001,114	\$ 34,606,555	\$	(5,394,559)

City of Seneca Seneca Facilities Corp Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Budget to Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Operating revenues Charges for services Lease income Other income	\$ 969,349 -	\$ 924,784 4,284	\$ (44,565) 4,284
Total operating revenues	\$ 969,349	\$ 929,068	\$ (40,281)
<i>Operating expenses Facilities operations Depreciation</i>	\$ 378,200 130,000	\$ 267,010 129,498	\$ (111,190) (502)
Total operating expenses	\$ 508,200	\$ 396,508	\$ (111,692)
Operating income (loss)	\$ 461,149	\$ 532,560	\$ 71,411
Non-operating transactions Interest expense	\$ (188,370)	\$ (188,370)	\$ -
Other financing sources (uses) Interfund transfers in (out)	 (268,000)		 268,000
Net income (loss)	\$ 4,779	\$ 344,190	\$ 339,411
Net position, beginning	\$ 1,026,315	\$ 1,026,315	\$
Net position, ending	\$ 1,031,094	\$ 1,370,505	\$ 339,411

City of Seneca Seneca Improvements Corp Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Budget to Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget	Actual	V	/ariance
Operating revenues Charges for services Other income	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Total operating revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Operating expenses Facilities operations Depreciation	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Total operating expenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Operating income (loss)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Other financing sources (uses) Interfund transfers in (out)	<u> </u>	138,505		138,505
Net income (loss)	\$ -	\$ 138,505	\$	138,505
Net position, beginning	\$ 190,745	\$ 190,745	\$	-
Prior period adjustment	-	3,715		- 3,715
Net position, ending	\$ 190,745	\$ 332,965	\$	142,220

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City of Seneca Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Type June 30, 2018

Governmental funds capital assets

Land	\$ 1,035,039
Buildings	8,909,624
Improvements	13,289,292
Equipment	2,414,742
Vehicles	9,094,300
Construction in progress	 -
Total	\$ 34,742,997
Less, accumulated depreciation	 (18,524,208)
Investment in capital assets	\$ 16,218,789

Construction in progress Total	- \$ 103,656 - 2,849,073 - 8,174,150	- \$ 11,126,879	- \$ 2,373,792 - 3,486,824	- \$ 5,860,616	- \$ 8,493,771 - 1,769,082 - 188,262	- \$ 10,451,115	- \$ 6,028,559	- \$ 1,275,828	- \$ 34,742,997	(18,524,208)	\$ 16,218,789
Constr in pro	63	\$	\$	ક્ર	\$	જ	\$	ક્ર	\$		
Vehicles	- 19,847 3,953,909	3,973,756	867,796 1,833,777	2,701,573	726,112 1,535,622 53,070	2,314,804	100,667	3,500	9,094,300		
	\$	\$	69	\$	\$	\$	\$	69	\$		
Machinery & equipment	103,656 331,656 863,700	1,299,012	164,343 205,438	369,781	507,373 - 45,000	552,373	193,576		2,414,742		
Ma	6 9	\$	63	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Improvements	- 480,639 2,855,773	3,336,412	672,260 -	672,260	7,208,286 - 88,192	7,296,478	859,975	1,124,167	13,289,292		
lmp	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$9	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Buildings	\$ 1,843,144 463,271	\$ 2,306,415	\$ 649,393 1,430,900	\$ 2,080,293	\$	\$ 282,460	\$ 4,240,456	، چ	\$ 8,909,624		
Land	- 173,787 37,497	211,284	20,000 16,709	36,709	2,000 1,000 2,000	5,000	633,885	148,161	1,035,039		
	63	\$	\$	ક્ર	\$	\$	\$	69	\$		
Function & activity	General government Municipal judge Finance / administration Planning & development	Total general government	Public safety Police department Fire department	Total public safety	Public works Street department Sanitation department Motor pool	Total public works	Recreation	Other	Total governmental funds capital assets	Less accumulated depreciation	Net governmental funds capital assets

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OTHER REQUIRED INFORMATION

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CITY OF SENECA UNIFORM SCHEDULE OF COURT FINES, ASSESSMENTS AND SURCHARGES (per ACT 96) For The Year Ended June 30, 2018

COUNTY / MUNICIPAL FUNDS COLLECTED BY CLERK OF COURT	General Sessions	<u>Magistrate</u> <u>Court</u>	 <u>Municipal</u> <u>Court</u>		Total
Court Fines and Assessments:					
Court fines and assessments collected			\$ 174,796.00	\$	174,796.00
Court fines and assessments remitted to State Treasurer			\$ (112,142.00)	\$	(112,142.00)
Total Court Fines and Assessments retained	s -	s -	\$ 62,654.00	\$	62,654.00
Surcharges and Assessments retained for victim services:					
Surcharges collected and retained			\$ 7,184.00	\$	7,184.00
Assessments retained			\$ 9,885.00	\$	9,885.00
Total Surcharges and Assessments retained for victim services	s -	s -	\$ 17,069.00	\$	17,069.00

FOR THE STATE TREASURER'S OFFICE:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CRIME VICTIM COMPENSATION (DCVC)

	Iunicipal	County		Total
			\$	-
\$	9,885.00		\$	9,885.00
\$	7,184.00		\$	7,184.00
			\$	-
			\$	-
			\$	-
			\$	-
			\$	-
			\$	-
\$	17,069.00	\$ -	\$	17,069.00
N	<u>funicipal</u>	County		Total
\$	17,069.00		\$	17,069.00
			\$	-
			\$	-
			\$ \$	-
				-
				-
			\$	-
			\$ \$	- - - - -
			\$ \$ \$	
5	17,069.00	S -	\$ \$ \$	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
5) 5	17,069.00	S -	\$ \$ \$ \$	- - - - - - - - - - - - - -
	17,069.00	\$ -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
	\$ 	\$ 7,184.00	\$ 7,184.00 \$ 7,184.00 	S 7,184.00 S S 7,184.00 S I S S I S S I S S I S S I S S I S S I S S I S S I S S I S S I S S I S S I S S I S S I S S I S S

City of Seneca Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability South Carolina Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	Year Ended June 30, 2018	Year Ended June 30, 2017	Year Ended June 30, 2016	Year Ended June 30, 2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	6.348600%	0.060788%	0.059549%	0.062022%
City's proportion of the net pension liability	\$14,291,720	\$12,984,227	\$11,293,755	\$10,678,132
City's covered-employee payroll	\$6,500,262	\$6,406,079	\$5,939,939	\$8,250,779
District's proporionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	219.86%	202.69%	190.13%	129.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	53.34%	52.91%	56.99%	59.92%

Notes to schedule:

Only the last four fiscal years are present because ten year data is not yet available.

**The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30th.

City of Seneca Schedule of the City's Contributions South Carolina Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

	-	ear Ended ne 30, 2018	Year Ended June 30, 2017		Year Ended June 30, 2016		-	ear Ended ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	881,435	\$	740,543	\$	656,957	\$	602,771
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution: Contribution deficiency (Excess)	\$	881,435 -	\$	740,543 -	\$	656,957 -	\$	602,771 -
City of Seneca covered-employee payroll	\$	6,500,262	\$	6,406,079	\$	5,939,939	\$	8,250,779
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		13.56%		11.56%		11.06%		7.31%

Notes to Schedule:

Only the last four fiscal years are present because ten year data is not yet available.

City of Seneca Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Police Officers' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	Year Ended June 30, 2018	Year Ended June 30, 2017	Year Ended June 30, 2016	Year Ended June 30, 2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	20.780000%	0.216460%	0.212240%	0.211390%
City's proportion of the net pension liability	\$5,692,725	\$5,490,453	\$4,625,654	\$4,046,851
City's covered-employee payroll	\$2,610,710	\$2,798,343	\$2,705,476	\$2,682,713
City's proporionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	218.05%	196.20%	170.97%	150.85%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	60.94%	60.44%	64.57%	67.55%

Notes to Schedule:

Only the last four fiscal years are present because ten year data is not yet available.

**The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30th.

City of Seneca Schedule of the City's Contributions Police Officers' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 ear Ended ne 30, 2018				ear Ended ne 30, 2016	Year Ended June 30, 2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 423,979	\$	398,484	\$	371,732	\$	359,752
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution: Contribution deficiency (Excess)	\$ 423,979 -	\$	398,484 -	\$	371,732	\$	359,752 -
City of Seneca covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,610,710	\$	2,798,343	\$	2,705,476	\$	2,682,713
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	16.24%		14.24%		13.74%		13.41%

Notes to Schedule: Only the last four fiscal years are present because ten year data is not yet available.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Seneca, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Seneca, South Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Seneca, South Carolina's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 30, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Seneca, South Carolina's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Seneca, South Carolina's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Seneca, South Carolina's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Seneca, South Carolina's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Stancil Cooley Estep & Stamey, LLP

Seneca, South Carolina March 23, 2019

CITY OF SENECA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

No prior year audit findings.

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